

DR. HUNTINGTON'S CHURCH UNIT

PROPOSITION FINALLY ADOPTED.  
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS AGAIN CONSIDERED—MISSIONARY BISHOPS TO BE CHOSEN TO-DAY.

Washington, Oct. 19.—While no time has been set for the final adjournment of the Episcopal Convention, the attendance is beginning to fall off, and delegates are starting for home. Attention was called

On the 10th of January, 1846, the subject was again brought up in the House of Deputies, and delegates were urged to act on important questions before the membership thins out. The question of marriage and divorce has not yet been considered in the House of Deputies, and there are evidences that the House of Bishops, after having postponed the subject indefinitely, may reconsider this action.

southern being a missionary jurisdiction, raised a spirited debate in the House of Deputies. The Committee on New Dioceses divided, the majority reporting against the Southern Indiana missionary jurisdiction and the minority favoring it. The majority report was finally adopted.

When consideration of the Constitution was resumed, Article VI, relating to the establishment of

The morning session of the House of Bishops was important in bringing about the adoption of what is known as the Huntington amendment, looking toward church unity. The amendment authorized bishops to take under their spiritual guidance certain

gregations which accept the essential tenets of the Church, although they do not strictly observe the ritual. The amendment was adopted with minor changes as part of the canons instead of the Constitution. The canons also were amended by requiring a year's time before ordination, instead of six months. The revision of the Constitution preceded by the adoption of the title and Articles

and XI; also Articles VII and II as amended by the Deputies. A resolution defining the boundaries of Bishop Graves's territory in China was adopted. An interesting debate occurred in the House Deputies in the afternoon on a proposition by the Rev. Dr. Huntington, of New-York, to insert in the preamble in the Constitution. The proposed preamble began with a devout aspiration, and affirmed the faith of the Church in the Holy Scriptures.

its adherence to the Apostles' Creed and the Nicene Creed. Dr. Huntington explained that the purpose was to introduce the name of the Almighty in the fundamental law of the Church and also to sum up in this preamble the spiritual order, as the preamble to the Constitution of the United States summed up the social order. The proposition was sharply opposed on the ground that it restricted

and minimized the faith and doctrine of the Church. After a long debate the proposed preamble was tabled. Another proposition, by M. J. Wilder, of Minnesota, for the words "In the name of God, Amen," as the preamble to the Constitution, was adopted.

Concurrence was given to the minor amendments made by the Bishops in the so-called Huntington amendment, thus giving final approval to this constitution.

At the afternoon session of the Bishops' Conference in Brazil, there has been a division of sentiment as to whether this Bishop should be directly responsible for the murder of the State's Attorney General. The question of the State's Attorney General was finally adopted, by which the Church

The Bishops will hold a special communion service in St. John's Church tomorrow morning at which they will be present to select four missions bishops, one each for Brazil, North Dakota, Sacramento and Boise.

**THE ST. PAUL IN SERVICE AGAIN.**  
SHE RESUMES HER TRIPS BETWEEN THIS PORT  
AND SOUTHAMPTON.  
The steamship St. Paul of the American Ld  
which, as an auxiliary cruiser, performed valua

service in the Spanish war, resumed her old place as a passenger and freight carrying vessel between this port and Southampton, England, yesterday. Her sister ship, the St. Louis, last week resumed her place in the service of the International Navigation Company. The Paris, which, while in Government service, was known as the Yale, is scheduled to sail as a liner next week. The No.

A large number of people saw the St. Paul and on account of her record as a cruiser the American liner will probably receive a rousing reception when she reaches the other side. The St. Paul is commanded by Captain John James R. Connelley, who is assisted by Schuyler C. Green and Thomas Thompson the chief steward. Some of the cabin passengers on the vessel are W. H. T. Hughes, who is taking an ocean trip

his health; Count de Lichterweide, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Belgium in the United States; Colonel Charles F. Muller, and Mrs. Reginald Ward, G. T. Day, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Whitehouse and J. Cheston Morris.

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**STUDYING LABOR PROBLEMS.**

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MEMBERS OF THE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION OF

**SIDERING A PROGRAMME.**

Washington, Oct. 19.—Six of the seven members of the Committee on Procedure of the Industrial Commission were in session the greater part of the day discussing the manner in which the work of the Commission is to be performed. The committee realizes that the task to be undertaken is of considerable magnitude, and much time will be

quered before the subjects can be satisfactorily regrouped and segregated in order that the inquiry may be conducted with the best possible results and without one branch overlapping into the other. As a basis of consideration the committee has therefore the syllabus of the report of the Royal Mixed English Industrial Commission, which submitted its conclusions in a series of thirty docu-

ments running over as many years. From the as well as from the publications of other European nations of a similar character, will be determined in some measure at least, the method and grouping of the subjects to be inquired into.

Chairman Gardner of the Procedure Committee thinks it will take some time to map out programs, showing just how the investigations shall be conducted, and says its whole scope should be mastered and digested before a practical method

of procedure can be adopted. Most of the committee members believe that the Commission should attempt to gather labor statistics from original sources, but that its work should be confined to collecting all information on labor matters existing in documentary form and which may be brought to its attention. All the labor organizations present will be called on for suggestions in the line of legislation likely to improve the condition of labor.

The Committee on Procedure to-day adopted

Resolved, That the officers and executive boards of the several organizations of labor respectfully requested to confer with John L. Farquhar, temporary secretary of the Commission, and to communicate to him suggestions for the syllabus of examination to be reported to this committee for adoption by the Commission.

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**MORE QUARTERS FOR ANNEXED SCHOOL**

NEW ACCOMMODATIONS PROVIDED BY THE  
SCHOOL BOARD—CHEAP RAILROAD TICK-  
ETS FOR CHILDREN.

Three new sites for annex schools were selected by the School Board of Manhattan and The Bronx at a regular meeting yesterday afternoon. At N

At its regular meeting on Monday, the 21st inst., the Board of Education of the City of New York, in its resolution of the 19th inst., has decided to lease, for the purpose of a school, the premises at Nos. 210 East Twenty-first-st., and 206 East Ninety-sixth-st., and to lease, for the purpose of a school, the premises at Nos. 210 and 206 East Twenty-first-st., and 206 East Ninety-sixth-st., stores have been leased. At Amsterdam-av. and Ninety-ninth-st. three rooms in the parish house of St. Michael's Church have also been secured. A new unoccupied building at No. 218 East One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st. has been leased for the purpose of a school. The schools to which these premises will be annexed have been intensely crowded, and the children have been accommodated in the

But all pupils can now be accommodated. The Committee on Studies submitted a resolution favoring the recommendation of the principals of the schools providing that ungraded classes be formed in the schools for children not capable of completing the course in the regular classes. This was adopted by the Board, and will take effect at the opening of the school year. The Superintendent in Public Schools Nos. 12 and 23, made arrangements in the female department of Public School Nos. 17, 67 and 68, to also decide that teachers in the public schools should be placed in the public

President Hubbell announced that the old question of furnishing street railway tickets at a reduced rate to school children in certain parts of the city would again be taken up by the Board. He said that he had communicated with the different traction companies, and would report at the next meeting of the Board.